

3.7

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$$x^{2/3} + y^{2/3} = 1 \quad \frac{dy}{dx} = 0$$

$$\frac{2/3 x^{-1/3} + 2/3 y^{-1/3} \frac{dy}{dx}}{2/3 x^{-1/3}} = -\frac{2/3 x^{-1/3}}{2/3 y^{-1/3}}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = -\frac{x^{-1/3}}{y^{-1/3}} = -\frac{y^{1/3}}{x^{1/3}}$$

$$\frac{-\frac{1}{3} y^{-2/3} x^{1/3} \frac{dy}{dx} + \frac{1}{3} x^{-2/3} y^{1/3}}{x^{2/3}} = \frac{d^2 y}{dx^2}$$

$$\frac{-\frac{1}{3} y^{-2/3} x^{1/3} \left(-\frac{y^{1/3}}{x^{1/3}}\right) + \frac{1}{3} x^{-2/3} y^{1/3}}{x^{2/3}} =$$

$$\frac{+\frac{1}{3} y^{-1/3} + \frac{1}{3} x^{-2/3} y^{1/3}}{x^{2/3}}$$

$$\frac{y^{-1/3} + x^{-2/3} y^{1/3}}{3x^{2/3}}$$

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57)  $\boxed{xy + 2x - y = 0}$

$$2x + y = 0$$

$$y = -2x$$

$$y + x \frac{dy}{dx} + 2 - \frac{dy}{dx} = 0$$

-2                      -y-2

-2

$$\frac{dy}{dx} (x-1) = \frac{-y-2}{x-1}$$

$$\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{-y-2}{x-1} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$-2y - 4 = x - 1$$

+1                      +1

$$\boxed{-2y - 3 = x}$$

$$(-2y-3)y + 2(-2y-3) - y = 0$$

$$-2y^2 - 3y - 4y - 6 - y = 0$$

$$-2y^2 - 8y - 6 = 0$$

$$y^2 + 4y + 3 = 0$$

$$(y+3)(y+1) = 0$$

$$y = -3, y = -1$$

$$(3, -3) \quad (-1, -1)$$

TANGENT

$$y = mx + b$$

$$-3 = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)(3) + b$$

$$-3 = \frac{3}{2} + b$$

$$-\frac{9}{2} = b$$

$$y = \frac{1}{2}x - \frac{9}{2}$$

$$-1 = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)(-1) + b$$

$$-1 = -\frac{1}{2} + b$$

$$-\frac{1}{2} = b$$

$$y = \frac{1}{2}x - \frac{1}{2}$$

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7)  $x + \tan(xy) = 0$

$$1 + \sec^2(xy) \left[ y + x \frac{dy}{dx} \right] = 0$$

$$1 + y \sec^2(xy) + x \sec^2(xy) \frac{dy}{dx} = 0$$

$$-x \sec^2(xy) \frac{dy}{dx} \quad -x \sec^2(xy) \frac{dy}{dx}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = - \frac{1 + y \sec^2(xy)}{x \sec^2(xy)} = \frac{-x \sec^2(xy) \frac{dy}{dx}}{-x \sec^2(xy)}$$

$$= \frac{-1}{x \sec^2(xy)} + \frac{-y \sec^2(xy)}{x \sec^2(xy)}$$

$$= -\frac{1}{x} \cos^2(xy) + -\frac{y}{x}$$

13)  $x^2 y + x y^2 = 4$

$$2xy + x^2 \frac{dy}{dx} + y^2 + x 2y \frac{dy}{dx} = 0$$

$$-2xy \quad +y^2 \quad -2xy + y^2$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} (x^2 - 2xy) = \frac{-2xy + y^2}{x^2 - 2xy} = \frac{dy}{dx}$$

$$x^2 - 2xy = 0$$

$$x(x - 2y) = 0$$

$$x \neq 0 \quad x \neq 2y$$

$$\frac{x}{2} \neq y$$

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$$y = 3 (\csc x)^{3/2}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{9}{2} (\csc x)^{1/2} [-\csc x \cot x] - \frac{9}{2} (\csc x)^{3/2} (\cot x)$$

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$$x^2 + xy + y^2 = 7$$

$$x^2 = 7$$

~~scribble~~

$$x = \pm \sqrt{7}$$

$$(\sqrt{7}, 0), (-\sqrt{7}, 0)$$

$$(\sqrt{7})^2 + \sqrt{7}y + y^2 = 7$$

$$7 + \sqrt{7}y + y^2 = 7$$

$$-7 \quad \sqrt{7}y + y^2 = 0$$

$$y(\sqrt{7} + y) = 0$$

$$y = 0 \quad y = -\sqrt{7}$$

$$(\sqrt{7}, 0) \quad (-\sqrt{7}, 0)$$

$$x^2 + xy + y^2 = 7$$

$$2x + y + x \frac{dy}{dx} + 2y \frac{dy}{dx} = 0$$

$$-2x - y$$

$$-2x - y$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} (x + 2y) = \frac{-2x - y}{x + 2y} = \frac{dy}{dx}$$

$$x + 2y$$

$$= \frac{-2\sqrt{7} - 0}{7 + 2(0)}$$

$$= -2$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{7} - 0}{-\sqrt{7} - 2(0)}$$

$$= -2$$

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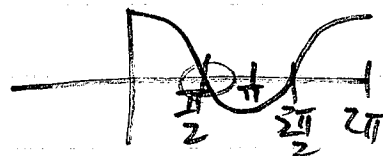
$$\begin{aligned}v &= 8\sqrt{s-t} + 1 && 8(s-t)^{1/2} + 1 \\ \frac{dv}{dt} &= 4(s-t)^{-1/2} \left[ \frac{ds}{dt} - 1 \right] \\ &= 4(s-t)^{-1/2} [8\sqrt{s-t} + 1 - 1] \\ &= 32\end{aligned}$$

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23)  $2xy + \pi \sin y = 2\pi$ ,  $(1, \frac{\pi}{2})$

$2y + 2x \frac{dy}{dx} + \pi \cos y \frac{dy}{dx} = 0$

$\frac{dy}{dx} (2x + \pi \cos y) = \frac{-2y}{2x + \pi \cos y} = \frac{dy}{dx}$



$\frac{-2(\frac{\pi}{2})}{2(1) + \pi \cos \frac{\pi}{2}} = \frac{-\pi}{2 + 0} = \frac{-\pi}{2}$

$y = mx + b$   
 $\frac{\pi}{2} = -\frac{\pi}{2}(1) + b$

$\pi = b$

TANGENT  $y = -\frac{\pi}{2}x + \pi$

$y = mx + b$   
 $\frac{\pi}{2} = \frac{2}{\pi}(1) + b$   
 $\frac{\pi}{2} - \frac{2}{\pi} = b$

NORMAL  $y = \frac{2}{\pi}x + (\frac{\pi}{2} - \frac{2}{\pi})$

41)  $y = 3(\csc x)^{3/2}$   
 $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{9}{2}(\csc x)^{1/2} [-\csc x \cot x]$   
 $= -\frac{9}{2}(\csc x)^{3/2} \cot x$

$x^{1/2} \cdot x$   
 $x^{3/2}$

47)  $x^3 y^2 = \cos(\pi y)$   $(-1, 1)$

(a)  $(-1)^3 (1)^2 = \cos(\pi(1))$

$-1 = -1 \checkmark$

(b)  $3x^2 y^2 + 2x^3 y \frac{dy}{dx} = -\sin(\pi y) [\pi \frac{dy}{dx}]$

$-2x^3 y \frac{dy}{dx} \quad -2x^3 y \frac{dy}{dx}$

$3x^2 y^2 = \frac{dy}{dx} (-\pi \sin(\pi y) - 2x^3 y)$

$3x^2 y^2 = (-\pi \sin(\pi y) - 2x^3 y)$

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$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{3x^2y^2}{-\pi \sin(\pi y) - 2x^3y}$$

$$= \frac{3(-1)^2(1)^2}{-\pi \sin(\pi(1)) - 2(-1)^3(1)}$$

(-1, 1)

$$= \boxed{\frac{3}{2}}$$



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$$v = 8(s-t)^{1/2} + 1 = \frac{ds}{dt}$$

$$\frac{dv}{dt} = 4(s-t)^{-1/2} \left[ \frac{ds}{dt} - 1 \right]$$

$$= 4(s-t)^{-1/2} [8(s-t)^{1/2} + 1 - 1]$$

$$= \frac{32(s-t)^{1/2}}{(s-t)^{1/2}}$$

$$= 32 \text{ ft/sec}^2$$

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$$2x + y = 0$$

$$y = -2x$$

$$m = -2$$

f a

$$xy + 2x - y = 0$$

$$y + x \frac{dy}{dx} + 2 - \frac{dy}{dx} = 0$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} (x-1) = -y-2 = \frac{dy}{dx}$$

$$(-2y-3)y + 2(-2y-3) - y = 0 \quad (x-1)$$

$$-2y^2 - 3y - 4y - 6 - y = 0$$

$$-2y^2 - 8y - 6 = 0$$

$$y^2 + 4y + 3 = 0$$

$$(y+3)(y+1) = 0$$

$$y = -3 \quad y = -1$$

$$(3, -3) \quad (-1, -1) \quad m = -2$$

$$\frac{-y-2}{x-1} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$-2y - 4 = x - 1$$

$$-2y - 3 = x$$

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$$y = mx + b \quad m = -2, (3, -3) \quad | \quad (-1, -1)$$

$$-3 = -2(3) + b$$

$$3 = b$$

$$\boxed{y = -2x + 3}$$

$$-1 = -2(-1) + b$$

$$-3 = b$$

$$\boxed{y = -2x - 3}$$



$$\begin{array}{l}
 f = x \\
 g = y^2 \\
 f' = 1 \\
 g' = 2y \frac{dy}{dx} \\
 f'g = 1 \cdot y^2 = y^2
 \end{array}$$

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$$\begin{array}{l}
 3.7 \\
 f \quad g \\
 x^2 y + x y^2 = 6 \\
 2xy + x^2 \frac{dy}{dx} + y^2 + 2xy \frac{dy}{dx} = 0 \\
 \begin{array}{ccc}
 -2xy & -x^2 & -2xy - y^2
 \end{array}
 \end{array}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} (x^2 + 2xy) = \frac{-2xy - y^2}{x^2 + 2xy} = \frac{dy}{dx}$$

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$$\begin{array}{l}
 y^2 = \frac{x-1}{x+1} \\
 2y \frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{(x+1)' - (x-1)}{(x+1)^2} \\
 2y \frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{2}{(x+1)^2} \\
 \frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{2}{2y(x+1)^2} \\
 \frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{1}{y(x+1)^2}
 \end{array}$$

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$$\begin{array}{l}
 y = x \sqrt{x^2 + 1} \\
 = x (x^2 + 1)^{1/2} \\
 \frac{dy}{dx} = (x^2 + 1)^{1/2} + \frac{1}{2} (x^2 + 1)^{-1/2} [2x] \cdot x \\
 = (x^2 + 1)^{1/2} + x^2 (x^2 + 1)^{-1/2}
 \end{array}$$

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24)  $x \sin 2y = y \cos 2x$

$$\sin 2y + \cos 2y \left[ 2 \frac{dy}{dx} \right] \cdot x = \frac{dy}{dx} \cos 2x + -\sin 2x [2] y$$

$$-\sin 2y \quad -\frac{dy}{dx} \cos 2x \quad -\frac{dy}{dx} \cos 2x \quad -\sin 2y$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} [2x \cos 2y - \cos 2x] = \frac{2y \sin 2x - \sin 2y}{2x \cos 2y - \cos 2x} = \frac{dy}{dx}$$

28)

$$x^{2/3} + y^{2/3} = 1$$

$$\frac{2}{3} x^{-1/3} + \frac{2}{3} y^{-1/3} \frac{dy}{dx} = 0$$

$$-\frac{2}{3} x^{-1/3} \quad -\frac{2}{3} x^{-1/3}$$

$$\frac{2}{3} y^{-1/3} \frac{dy}{dx} = -\frac{2}{3} x^{-1/3}$$

$$\frac{2}{3} y^{-1/3} \quad \frac{2}{3} y^{-1/3}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = -\frac{y^{1/3}}{x^{1/3}}$$

$$\frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} = - \left( \frac{\frac{1}{3} y^{-2/3} \frac{dy}{dx} \cdot x^{1/3} - \frac{1}{3} x^{-2/3} y^{1/3}}{(x^{1/3})^2} \right)$$

$$= - \left( \frac{\frac{1}{3} y^{-2/3} \left( \frac{y^{1/3}}{x^{1/3}} \right) x^{1/3} - \frac{1}{3} x^{-2/3} y^{1/3}}{x^{2/3}} \right)$$

$$= - \left( \frac{\frac{1}{3} y^{-1/3} - \frac{1}{3} x^{-2/3} y^{1/3}}{x^{2/3}} \right)$$

$$= - \left( \frac{x^{2/3} \frac{1}{3} y^{1/3} - \frac{1}{3} x^{1/3} y^{1/3}}{x^{2/3}} \right)$$

$$= - \left( \frac{x^{2/3} - y^{2/3}}{3 x^{4/3} y^{1/3}} \right) = \boxed{- \frac{x^{2/3} - y^{2/3}}{3 x^{4/3} y^{1/3}}}$$