

3.6

$$\textcircled{5} \quad y = \left( \frac{\sin x}{1 + \cos x} \right)^2$$

$$y' = 2 \left( \frac{\sin x}{1 + \cos x} \right) \left[ \frac{\cos x (1 + \cos x) - \sin x \cdot \sin x}{(1 + \cos x)^2} \right]$$

$$2 \left( \frac{\sin x}{1 + \cos x} \right) \left[ \frac{\cos x + (\cos^2 x + \sin^2 x)}{(1 + \cos x)^2} \right]$$

$$2 \left( \frac{\sin x}{1 + \cos x} \right) \left[ \frac{\cancel{\cos x} + 1}{(1 + \cos x)^2} \right] = \frac{2 \sin x}{(1 + \cos x)^2}$$

$$\textcircled{33} \quad f(u) = u^5 + 1 \quad u = \sqrt{x} = \frac{1}{2} x^{-\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$f'(u) = 5u^4 du$$

$$f'(x) = 5(\sqrt{x})^4 \cdot \frac{1}{2} x^{-\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$= \frac{5}{2} x^2 \cdot x^{-\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$= \frac{5}{2} x^{\frac{3}{2}}$$

$$f(x) = (\sqrt{x})^5 + 1$$

$$= x^{5/2} + 1$$

$$f'(1) = \frac{5}{2} (1)^{\frac{3}{2}} = \left( \frac{5}{2} \right)$$

$$\textcircled{37} \quad f(u) = \frac{2u}{u^2 + 1} \quad u = 10x^2 + x + 1 \quad du = 20x + 1$$

$$f'(u) = \frac{(2du)(u^2 + 1) - (2u)(2u du)}{(u^2 + 1)^2}$$

$$= \frac{2(20x + 1)((10x^2 + x + 1)^2 + 1) - 2(10x^2 + x + 1)(20x + 1) \cdot 2}{((10x^2 + x + 1)^2 + 1)^2}$$

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$$(15) \quad y = \sin^{-5} x - \cos^3 x$$

$$y = (\sin x)^{-5} - (\cos x)^3$$

$$y' = -5(\sin x)^{-6} [\cos x] - 3(\cos x)^2 [-\sin x]$$

$$= \frac{-5 \cos x}{\sin^6 x} + 3 \sin x \cos^2 x$$

$$-5 \cos x \csc^6 x$$

$$(31) \quad y = \cot(3x-1)$$

$$y' = -\csc^2(3x-1) [3]$$

$$= -3 \csc^2(3x-1) - 3(\csc(3x-1))^2$$

$$y'' = -6(\csc(3x-1)) [-\csc(3x-1) \cot(3x-1)] [3]$$

$$= +18(\csc^2(3x-1)) [+\cot(3x-1)]$$

$$(53) \quad y = \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right)$$

$$y' = \cos\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right) \left[\frac{1}{2}\right]$$

$$(17) \quad y = (\sin x)^3 \tan 4x$$

$$y' = 3(\sin x)^2 [\cos x] \tan 4x + \sec^2 4x [4] \sin^3 x$$

$$= 3 \sin^2 x \cos x \tan 4x + 4 \sec^2 4x \sin^3 x$$

$$[\cos(3x-2)] [3]$$

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$$(21) y = (\sin(3x-2))^2$$

$$y = 2(\sin(3x-2)) [\cos(3x-2)] [3]$$

$$= 6 \sin(3x-2) \cos(3x-2)$$

$$(57) \frac{d}{dx} \cos(x^\circ)$$

$$\frac{d}{dx} \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{180}x\right)$$

$$-\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{180}x\right) \left[\frac{\pi}{180}\right]$$

$$-\frac{\pi}{180} \sin(x^\circ)$$

$$30^\circ \cdot \frac{\pi}{180^\circ}$$

$$(23) y = (1 + \cos^2 7x)^3$$

$$(\cos 7x)^2$$

$$y' = 3(1 + \cos^2 7x)^2 [2(\cos 7x)(-\sin 7x)[7]]$$

$$y' = -42(1 + \cos^2 7x)(\cos 7x)(\sin 7x)$$

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$$\textcircled{13} \quad y = (x + \sqrt{x})^{-2}$$

$$y = (x + x^{1/2})^{-2}$$

$$y' = -2(x + x^{1/2})^{-3} \left[ 1 + \frac{1}{2}x^{-1/2} \right] \checkmark$$

$$y' = (x + x^{1/2})^{-3} \left[ -2 - x^{-1/2} \right] \checkmark$$

$$y' = \frac{-2 - x^{-1/2}}{(x + x^{1/2})^3} \checkmark$$

$$x^{-1/2} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}$$

$$\textcircled{23} \quad y = (1 + \cos^2 7x)^3$$

$$y = (1 + (\cos 7x)^2)^3$$

$$y' = 3(1 + (\cos 7x)^2)^2 [2(\cos 7x)] [-\sin 7x] [7]$$

$$y' = -42(1 + (\cos 7x)^2)^2 (\cos 7x)(\sin 7x)$$

$$\textcircled{33} \quad f(u) = u^5 + 1 \quad \downarrow \quad u = g(x) = \sqrt{x} = x^{1/2} \quad x=1$$

$$f'(u) = 5u^4 du$$

$$f'(x) = 5(x^{1/2})^4 \left[ \frac{1}{2}x^{-1/2} \right]$$

$$f'(1) = 5(1^{1/2})^4 \left[ \frac{1}{2}(1)^{-1/2} \right] = \frac{5}{2}$$

$$\textcircled{19} \quad y = \frac{3}{\sqrt{2x+1}} = 3(2x+1)^{-1/2}$$

$$y' = -\frac{3}{2}(2x+1)^{-3/2} [2]$$

$$= -3(2x+1)^{-3/2} = \frac{-3}{\sqrt{(2x+1)^3}}$$

$$f'g + g'f$$

3.6  $r = \sec 2\theta \tan 2\theta$

$$r' = \sec 2\theta \tan 2\theta [2] + \sec^2 2\theta [2] \sec 2\theta$$

$$= 2 \sec 2\theta \tan^2 2\theta + 2 \sec^3 2\theta$$

53  $y = \sin(x/2) = \sin(\frac{1}{2}x)$   $2x^2$

$$y' = \cos(\frac{1}{2}x) [\frac{1}{2}]$$

$$2(2x)$$

56 (a)  $2f(x)$   
 $2f'(x)$   
 $2f'(2)$   
 $2(\frac{2}{3}) = \frac{4}{3}$

(b)  $f(x) + g(x)$   
 $f'(x) + g'(x)$   
 $f'(3) + g'(3)$   
 $2\pi + 5$

(c)  $f(x) \cdot g(x)$   
 $f'(x) \cdot g(x) + g'(x) \cdot f(x)$   
 $f'(3) \cdot g(3) + g'(3) \cdot f(3)$   
 $(2\pi)(-4) + (5)(3)$   
 $-8\pi + 15$

(d)  $f(x)/g(x) = \frac{f(x)}{g(x)}$

$$\frac{f'(x) \cdot g(x) - g'(x) \cdot f(x)}{(g(x))^2}$$

$$\frac{(\frac{1}{3})(2) - (-3)(8)}{2^2}$$

$$\frac{(\frac{2}{3} + 24)}{(4)^2}$$

$$\frac{2 + 72}{12}$$

$$\frac{74}{12} = \frac{37}{6}$$

(e)  $f(g(x))$

$$f'(g(x)) [g'(x)]$$

$$f'(\frac{2}{3}) [g'(2)]$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \cdot -3 = -1$$

(f)  $\sqrt{f(x)} = (f(x))^{1/2}$

$$\frac{1}{2} (f(x))^{-1/2} [f'(x)]$$

$$\frac{1}{2} (8)^{-1/2} (\frac{1}{3})$$

$$\frac{1}{2\sqrt{8}} \cdot \frac{1}{3}$$

$$\frac{1}{2 \cdot 2\sqrt{2}} \cdot \frac{1}{3} = \frac{1}{12\sqrt{2}}$$

$$3.6$$
$$(g) \frac{1}{g^2(x)} = (g(x))^{-2}$$

$$-2(g(x))^{-3} [g'(x)]$$

$$-2(-4)^{-3} [5]$$

$$-10(-4)^{-3} = \frac{-10}{-64} = \frac{5}{32}$$

$$(h) \sqrt{f^2(x) + g^2(x)}$$

$$(f^2(x) + g^2(x))^{1/2}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} ( )^{-1/2} [2f(x)f'(x) + 2g(x)g'(x)]$$

3.6 f

$$\textcircled{5} \quad y = \left( \frac{\sin x}{1 + \cos x} \right)^2$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = 2 \left( \frac{\sin x}{1 + \cos x} \right) \left[ \frac{\cos x (1 + \cos x) - \sin x \cdot \sin x}{(1 + \cos x)^2} \right]$$

$$= 2 \left( \frac{\sin x}{1 + \cos x} \right) \left[ \frac{\cos x (\cos^2 x + \sin^2 x)}{(1 + \cos x)^2} \right]$$

$$= 2 \left( \frac{\sin x}{1 + \cos x} \right) \left[ \frac{\cos x + 1}{(1 + \cos x)^2} \right] \quad \begin{matrix} 7x \\ 7 \end{matrix}$$

$$= \frac{2 \sin x}{(1 + \cos x)^2}$$

$\textcircled{35} \quad f(u) = \cot \frac{\pi}{10} u \quad u = 5\sqrt{x} = 5x^{1/2} \quad du = \frac{5}{2} x^{-1/2}$

$$f'(u) = -\csc^2 \frac{\pi}{10} u \left[ \frac{\pi}{10} du \right]$$

$$f'(x) = -\csc^2 \left( \frac{\pi}{10} \cdot 5\sqrt{x} \right) \left[ \frac{\pi}{10} \cdot \frac{5}{2} x^{-1/2} \right]$$

$$= -\csc^2 \left( \frac{\pi}{2} \sqrt{x} \right) \left[ \frac{\pi}{4} x^{-1/2} \right] \rightarrow \left( \frac{\pi}{4} \right) - \csc^2 \left( \frac{\pi}{2} \sqrt{x} \right) \left( \frac{1}{x^{1/2}} \right)$$

$$= \frac{-\pi \csc^2 \left( \frac{\pi}{2} \sqrt{x} \right)}{4 \sqrt{x}}$$