

6.4

30

$$\ln |y - y_c| = kt + C$$

$$\ln |35 - 65| = k(10) + C$$

$$\ln 30 = 10k + C$$

$$-10k \quad -10k$$

$$\boxed{\ln 30 - 10k} = C$$

$$\ln 30 - 10 \left(\frac{\ln \frac{1}{2}}{10} \right) = C$$

$$\ln 30 - \ln \frac{1}{2} = C$$

$$\ln 60 = C$$

$$\ln |y - y_c| = \frac{\ln \frac{1}{2}}{10} t + \ln 60$$

$$\ln |y - 65| = \frac{\ln \frac{1}{2}}{10} \cdot 0 + \ln 60$$

$$\ln |y - 65| = \ln 60$$

$$y - 65 = 60$$

$$y = 125$$

$$y - 65 = -60$$

$$\boxed{y = 5^\circ \text{F}}$$

$$|x + 3| = 4$$

$$\boxed{x + 3 = 4}$$

$$x = 1$$

$$\boxed{x + 3 = -4}$$

$$x = -7$$

$$\textcircled{22} \quad \frac{y}{C} = \frac{C e^{kt}}{C} \rightarrow y = C e^{\frac{\ln 2}{65} t}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} = e^{kt}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} = e^{k(65)}$$

$$\boxed{\frac{\ln \frac{1}{2}}{65} = \frac{\cancel{65} k}{\cancel{65}}}$$

① 4.75% (b) monthly

$$(b) \quad \frac{A}{P} = \frac{P(1 + \frac{r}{n})^{nt}}{P}$$

$$2 = (1 + \frac{r}{n})^{nt}$$

$$2 = (1 + \frac{.0475}{12})^{12t}$$

$$\ln 2 = \ln (1 + \frac{.0475}{12})^{12t}$$

$$\frac{\ln 2 = 12t \ln (1 + \frac{.0475}{12})}{12 \ln (1 + \frac{.0475}{12})} = t$$

(d) continuously

$$(d) \quad \frac{A}{P} = \frac{P e^{rt}}{P}$$

$$2 = e^{rt}$$

$$2 = e^{.0475t}$$

$$\frac{\ln 2 = .0475t}{-.0475} = \frac{.0475t}{-.0475}$$

$$\frac{\ln 2}{-.0475} = t$$

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$$(3) \ln|y - y_c| = kt + C$$

$$\ln|90 - 20| = k(0) + C$$

$$\ln 70 = C$$

$$\ln|60 - 20| = k(10) + C$$

$$\begin{array}{r} \ln 40 = 10k + \ln 70 \\ - \ln 70 \qquad \qquad - \ln 70 \end{array}$$

$$\frac{\ln \frac{40}{70}}{10} = \frac{10k}{10}$$

$$\frac{\ln \frac{4}{7}}{10} = k \quad \checkmark$$

$$(a) \ln|35 - 20| = \frac{\ln \frac{4}{7}}{10} t + \ln 70$$

$$\begin{array}{r} \ln 15 = \frac{\ln \frac{4}{7}}{10} t + \ln 70 \\ - \ln 70 \qquad \qquad - \ln 70 \end{array}$$

$$\ln \frac{10}{\frac{4}{7}} \ln \frac{15}{70} = \frac{\ln \frac{4}{7}}{10} t \cdot \frac{10}{\ln \frac{4}{7}}$$

$$\boxed{\frac{10 \ln \frac{3}{14}}{\ln \frac{4}{7}} = t}$$

$$27.53 \text{ —}$$

$$- 10$$

$$\boxed{17.53 \text{ — min.}}$$

$$(b) \ln|y - y_c| = kt + C$$

$$\ln|90 - 15| = k(0) + C$$

$$\ln 105 = C \quad \checkmark$$

$$\ln|35 - 15| = \frac{\ln \frac{4}{7}}{10} t + \ln 105$$

$$\begin{array}{r} \ln 50 = \frac{\ln \frac{4}{7}}{10} t + \ln 105 \\ - \ln 105 \qquad \qquad - \ln 105 \end{array}$$

$$\ln \frac{10}{\frac{4}{7}} \ln \frac{50}{105} = \frac{\ln \frac{4}{7}}{10} t \cdot \frac{10}{\ln \frac{4}{7}}$$

$$\boxed{\frac{10 \ln \frac{10}{21}}{\ln \frac{4}{7}} = t}$$

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$$(7) \frac{dy}{dx} = \cos x e^{y+\sin x}$$

$$x^2 \cdot x^5 = x^{2+5}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{\cos x e^y e^{\sin x}}{e^y}$$

$$-\int e^{-y} dy = \int \cos x e^{\sin x} dx$$

$u = -y$	$u = \sin x$
$du = -dy$	$du = \cos x dx$
$-\int e^u du$	$\int e^u du$
$-e^u$	$e^u + C$

$$-e^{-y} = e^{\sin x} + C$$

$$-e^{-y} = e^{\sin x} - 2$$

$$-e^{-0} = e^{\sin 0} + C$$

$$\ln e^{-y} = \ln(-e^{\sin x} + 2)$$

$$-1 = 1 + C$$

$$-y = \ln(-e^{\sin x} + 2)$$

$$-2 = C$$

$$\boxed{y = -\ln(-e^{\sin x} + 2)}$$

6.4

21) $\frac{dy}{dt} = -0.0077y$

↑
k

$$\frac{dy}{dt} = ky \rightarrow y = Ce^{kt}$$
$$\frac{y}{c} = \frac{e^{-0.0077t}}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} = e^{-0.0077t}$$

$$\ln \frac{1}{2} = \ln e^{-0.0077t}$$

$$\frac{\ln \frac{1}{2}}{-0.0077} = \frac{-0.0077t}{-0.0077}$$

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 ⑦ $\frac{dy}{dx} = (\cos x) e^{y+\sin x}$

$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{(\cos x) e^y e^{\sin x}}{e^y}$

$\int e^{-y} dy = \int (\cos x) e^{\sin x} dx$

$u = \sin x$
 $du = \cos x dx$

$-e^{-y} = \int e^u du$

$-e^{-y} = e^u + C$

$-e^{-y} = e^{\sin x} + C \quad -e^{-y} = e^{\sin x} - 2$

$-e^{-0} = e^{\sin 0} + C \quad \ln(e^{-y}) = \ln(-e^{\sin x} + 2)$

$-1 = 1 + C$

$-y = \ln(-e^{\sin x} + 2)$

$-2 = C$

$y = \ln(-e^{\sin x} + 2)$

$y = \ln(-e^{\sin x} + 2)^{-1}$

$y = \ln \frac{1}{-e^{\sin x} + 2}$

⑨ $A = P \left(1 + \frac{r}{n} \right)^{nt}$

Amount at + Principal number of compoundings in a year

annual interest rate time in years

6.4

$$\textcircled{29} \quad y = y_0 e^{-kt} \quad \underline{t = \frac{3}{k}}$$

$$y = y_0 e^{-k\left(\frac{3}{k}\right)}$$

$$y = y_0 e^{-3}$$

$$e^{-3} \approx .0497$$

$$\textcircled{41} \quad p = C e^{kh} \rightarrow p = C e^{k(10)} = p_0$$

$$p = p_0 e^{kh}$$

$$p = 1013 e^{kh} \rightarrow \text{(a)} \quad p = 1013 e^{\frac{\ln \frac{20}{1013}}{90} \cdot h}$$

$$20 = 1013 e^{k(90)} \quad \text{(b)} \quad p = 1013 e^{\frac{\ln \frac{20}{1013}}{90} \cdot 50} = 1013 e^{\frac{\ln \frac{20}{1013}}{9} \cdot 5}$$

$$\frac{20}{1013} = e^{90k}$$

$$\frac{\ln \frac{20}{1013}}{90} = \frac{90k}{90}$$

$$\text{(c)} \quad 900 = 1013 e^{\frac{\ln \frac{20}{1013}}{90} \cdot h}$$